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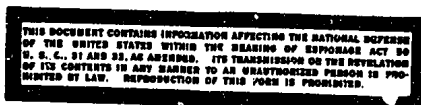
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UKRAINIAN SSR TOPS 1951 PLAN BY 3 PERCENT

The Statistics Administration Ukrainian SSR reports that the 1951 gross-production plan was fulfilled by ministries and organizations as follows:

	Percent
Ministry of Coal Industry	100.8
Ministry of Petroleum Industry	107
Ministry of Ferrous Metallurgy	101
Ministry of Nonferrous Metallurgy	99
Ministry of Electric Power Stations	103
Ministry of Chemical Industry	100.7
Ministry of Electrical Industry	105
Ministry of Communications Equipment Industry	105
Ministry of Heavy Machine Building	97
Ministry of Automobile and Tractor Industry	99
Ministry of Machine-Tool Building	96
Ministry of Machine and Instrument Building	101
Ministry of Construction- and Road-Machine Building	106
Ministry of Transport-Machine Building	104
Ministry of Paper and Wood-Processing Industry	101
Ministry of Timber Industry USSR	108
Including republic enterprises	108
Ministry of Construction Materials Industry USSR	103
Including republic and local enterprises	101
Ministry of Light Industry USSR	102
Including republic and local enterprises	103
Ministry of Fish Industry USSR	118
Including republic enterprises	130
Ministry of Meat and Dairy Industry USSR	107
Including republic enterprises	109
Ministry of Food Industry USSR	107
Including republic and local enterprises	106
Ministry of Local Industry Ukrainian SSR	105
Ministry of Local Fuel Industry Ukrainian SSR	105

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	<u>Percent</u>
Ministry of Furniture and Woodcraft Industry Ukrainian SSR	100
Ministry of Motor Transport Ukrainian SSR	106
Ministry of Civilian Housing Construction Ukrainian SSR	101
Ministry of Communal Economy Ukrainian SSR	104
Administration of Polygraphic Industry, Publishing, and Book Trade, Council of Ministers Ukrainian SSR	111
Industrial Cooperatives Ukrainian SSR	102.5
Invalids' Cooperatives Ukrainian SSR	107
Timber Cooperatives Ukrainian SSR	100.7

The 1951 plan for gross production was fulfilled 103 percent by industry within the Ukrainian SSR, including 104 percent by republic and local industry.

Industrial enterprises of the Ukrainian SSR exceeded the plan for most important items in 1951 as follows: coke, manganese ore, petroleum, peat, electric power, electric motors, trucks, combines, bicycles, motorcycles, electric bulbs, cameras, caustic soda, soda ash, glass, cement, slate, cotton and woolen fabric, hosiery, knit underwear, meat, fish catch, butter, raw alcohol, sugar, cigarettes, and many other products.

Some ministries and organizations of the Ukrainian SSR, while fulfilling the plan for gross production, failed to meet the plan for production of the items indicated: Ministry of Construction Materials Industry Ukrainian SSR -- brick, roofing tile, gypsum, and other products; Ministry of Light Industry Ukrainian SSR, while exceeding the plan for the majority of products, failed to meet the 1951 plan for footwear, rope products, better-quality dishware, and lamp glass; Ministry of Local Industry Ukrainian SSR -- rolled sheet metal, surface plows, winnowing machines, harrows, scythes, nails, beds, enameled ironware, galvanized ware, pencils, and a number of other products; Ministry of Furniture and Woodcraft Industry Ukrainian SSR -- plywood, boxes, and some types of furniture; Ministry of Civilian Housing Construction Ukrainian SSR -- gypsum blocks, slag blocks, asbestos-cement tiles, and mineral wool products; artels of the Ukrainian Council of Industrial Cooperatives -- leather and felt footwear, woolen and vicuna wool fabric, string, hosiery, knit underwear, and footwear repair; artels of the Ukrainian Council of Timber Cooperatives -- hauling of commercial timber, lumber, plywood, and furniture.

Quantitative production of chief types of industrial goods showed the following increases over 1950:

	<u>1951 in % of 1950</u>
Cast iron	118
Steel	122
Rolled metal	120
Coke	110
Iron ore	119
Manganese ore	129
Coal	110
Electric power	117
Steam turbines	140
Stationary steam engine	102
Standard AC electric motors	129
Explosion-proof electric motors	111
Dump trucks	103
Ball bearings	159
Tractor loaders	134

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	1951 in % of 1950
Tractors	103
Tractor plows	117
Tractor cultivators	118
Tractor seeders	111
Grain combines	121
Tractor rakes	175
Bicycles	146
Motorcycles	115
Electric bulbs	139
"Kiev" cameras	193
Caustic soda	112
Soda ash	107
Superphosphate	101
Paper	127
Cement	117
Brick	117
Asbestos-cement slate	137
Lamp glass	115
Enameled ironware	119
Cotton fabric	144
Hosiery	134
Knit underwear	138
Knit outerwear	145
Footwear	118
Pencils	106
Pens for school use	117
Notebooks	112
Pianos	134
Meat	116
Fish catch	127
Butter	117
Vegetable oil	109
Sugar	121
Raw alcohol	115
Beer	120
Cigarettes	112
Salt	100

Gross production of all industry within the Ukrainian SSR increased 18 percent in 1951 over 1950, including 17 percent for republic and local industry.

In 1951, better utilization of industrial equipment continued.

As a result of new techniques, advanced production methods, mass production, and growth of socialist competition, labor productivity in industry increased 11 percent in 1951 over 1950.

Enterprises of the republic and oblast industry of the Ukrainian SSR fulfilled the 1951 plan for reduction of production costs, lowering the costs 7 percent in comparison with 1950.

During 1951, kolkhozes, MTS, and sovkhoses of the Ukrainian SSR made further progress in the improvement of socialist agriculture and animal husbandry.

In 1951, as a result of well-organized spring field work and cultivation of agricultural crops, kolkhozes and sovkhoses of the Ukrainian SSR harvested a good crop of grain, sugar beet, cotton, and other agricultural crops.

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The total sown area for the harvest of 1951 increased by 321,000 hectares in kolkhozes of the Ukrainian SSR. The irrigation area in kolkhozes increased 6 percent in 1951 over 1950.

Kolkhozes, MTS, and sovkhoses of the republic fulfilled successfully the plan for sowing of winter crops for the 1952 harvest. Kolkhozes fulfilled the plan 106 percent and sovkhoses of the Ministry of State Farms Ukrainian SSR, 109 percent. More than 700,000 hectares of winter crops were planted in 1951 in comparison with 1950, including more than 612,000 hectares of winter wheat. Sowing of winter crops was carried out within the periods set by correct agricultural practices.

MTS performed 17 percent more tractor work in 1951 than in 1950. In kolkhozes, almost all the plowing and 80 percent of sowing was mechanized. Combines harvested almost half of the grain crops area.

In 1951, the use of electric power in kolkhozes for the processing of grain, preparation of fodder, supply of water, milking, and shearing of sheep increased considerably.

In 1951, the growth of animal husbandry in kolkhozes and sovkhoses continued. The number of livestock in kolkhozes in 1951 increased as follows: cattle 21 percent, including cows 41 percent, hogs 25 percent, sheep and goats 29 percent, and horses 8 percent. The number of poultry in kolkhozes increased more than one and a half times.

In 1951, 207,000 hectares of forest shelter belts were sown and planted in the Ukrainian SSR.

The Dnepr River Ship Line exceeded the 1951 plan for freight turnover. In 1951, freight turnover increased 21 percent over 1950, freight transport increased 10 percent, and passenger transport 65 percent.

The Administration for Transport Utilization of Small Rivers, Council of Ministers Ukrainian SSR, fulfilled the 1951 plan for freight turnover and for freight hauling 89 percent and for passenger transport 107 percent. Freight turnover increased 37 percent and freight hauling 27 percent in 1951 over 1950. Passenger transport increased 39 percent in 1951 over 1950.

The Ministry of Motor Transport Ukrainian SSR increased passenger and freight transport in 1951 over 1950. The plan for freight transport was fulfilled 88 percent and for passenger transport 119 percent.

The Ministry of Motor Transport Ukrainian SSR has considerable reserves for increasing its freight and passenger transport, as many truck and bus transport organizations are not making sufficient use of trucks and buses.

The Main Road Administration, Council of Ministers Ukrainian SSR, fulfilled the plan for construction of new hard-surface roads of republic and local importance 126 percent and the plan for capital repairs of hard-surface roads, 112 percent.

In 1951, as a result of the further development of Soviet trade, the trade network was expanded and the retail commodity turnover in state and cooperative trade of the Ukrainian SSR increased.

The new, fourth reduction of state retail prices on consumers' goods, following abolition of the rationing system, which was effective 1 March 1951, further increased sales of goods to the population.

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In 1951, considerably larger quantities of the following items were sold than in 1950: meat, fowl, sausage products, canned meat, fish products, vegetable oil, milk and dairy products, eggs, sugar, confectionery products, tea, fruit, cotton and silk fabric, sewn goods, knitwear, hosiery, leather footwear, furniture, lumber, clocks, bicycles, radios and musical goods, printed publications, and other cultural goods.

In 1951, sales of agricultural products further increased in kolkhoz markets.

The number of apartments with gas facilities in cities of the Ukrainian SSR increased 13 percent by 1 January 1952 in comparison with 1 January 1951. In 1951, gas facilities were installed in 17,395 apartments, including 10,982 apartments in Kiev.

In 1951, the city electric transport system improved its work considerably. The mileage of streetcars increased 16 percent and of trolleybuses 21 percent in 1951 over 1950. Passenger transport by streetcar increased 11 percent and by trolleybus 16 percent in 1951 over 1950.

The average daily supply of water by communal water supply systems increased 9 percent, and supply of water to individual consumers increased 10 percent in 1951 over 1950.

In 1951, a considerable amount of work was done for the construction, restoration, expansion, and capital repair of dwellings and communal enterprises as well as asphaltting of streets and squares and planting of greenery in populated places of the Ukrainian SSR.

In 1951, 82,500 young qualified workers completed schools of the Ministry of Labor Reserves and were sent to work in industry, construction, and transport.

In 1951, the qualifications and skills of 420,000 workers and employees were raised in the Ukrainian SSR by means of apprenticeship of individuals and brigades and by course training.

The number of students in the 5th to 10th grades of general educational schools of the Ukrainian SSR increased by 557,000 students in comparison with 1950. By the end of 1951, the total number of students in higher and secondary educational institutions increased 10 percent over 1950. Twelve percent more school boys were vacationing in Pioneer camps in 1951 than in 1950.

In 1951, there were 75,000 libraries under the supervision of state and public organizations, with more than 120 million books.

In 1951, the number of motion picture installations increased by more than 500 in comparison with the previous year.

In 1951, the network of hospitals, maternity hospitals, and other medical institutions, as well as sanatoria and rest homes, was expanded.

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